### THE NEWS IN LONDON.

FRENCH WAR RUMORS - POLITICAL INCI-DENTS IN ENGLAND.

EGYPT AND IRELAND-TENEMENT REFORM-VACA-TION SPEECHES-THE DICKENS LETTERS.

[BY CABLE TO THE TRIBENE.] LONDON, Nov. 17 .- Sinister rumors have suddenly been set affoat by the French papers to the effect that Admiral Courbet's situation in Tonquin is hemmed in by Chinese troops and that he has demanded permission to relieve himself by bombarding Canton, hundreds of miles distant. Ministers now deny that Admiral Courbet is in danger, but the rumors have served the purpose of securing a majority in the bureaus of the Assembly for the credits demanded. The French press meanwhile, especially the inspired journ. abounds in insults to Marquis Tseng. All the sigstill point to a resolve on the part of the French Ministry to force on a war with China. The moderate party gain an advantage by the election of M. Ribot as president of the committee on the Tonquin credits, M. Ribot is pledged to demand full information before granting any money.

#### THE WITHDRAWAL FROM EGYPT.

The publication of Baring's letter respecting the withdrawal of the English troops from Cairo is intended to justify the Ministerial resolution. It is really a strong argument for the retention of onehalf of the present force with headquarters at Alexandria. There is no prospect of reducing the number below 3,000 for many months.

#### IRISH INCIDENTS.

Lord Spencer's prohibition of Monday's Orange and Parnellite meetings is bitterly denounced by the National press in Dublin and London as a surrender to the Orange faction. Certainly it is the sole means of keeping peace without using troops. The wildest license of speech is meanwhile accorded in the South of Ireland to Mr. Harrington and Mr. Healy. The latter is now openly advocating the complete pillage of the landlords.

The Limerick election created little interest. The vote was small and a Paraellite success was a foregone conclusion.

#### SUEZ CANAL PROPOSALS.

M, de Lesseps's visit alike in London and in Liverpool is marked by the cordiality of the welcome offered to him personally and the unswerving firmness of the shipowners and merchants generally in adhering to their refusal to accept any solution of the canal question not involving a radical reform of the administration of the present canal, a large reduction of tolls, adequate recognition of the English shareholders in the directory, and the substantial control of the new canal which M. de Lesseps now offers to construct. M. de Lesseps foolishly announced at Trinity House that the object of his mission was to convert the English people to the wise views of the Ministers who made the recent bargain. That is an utterly hopeless task.

#### "CRY OF THE OUTCAST POOR."

" Outcast London" continues among the foremest topics of the day. Every speaker this week has had something to say on this subject. The papers continue to publish descriptive articles, especially The Daily News, which has powerful and ghastly pictures by George R. Sims. Sir Charles Dilke is sedulously visiting the slums, each visit being carefully announced. The case in the Police Court yesterday wherein the Duke of Bedford's agent attempted to evict tenants, who appealed to the magistrate for protection, is arousing general indignation. The magistrate denounced the act as barbarous.

Mr. Fawcett, true to his doctrines of political sedulously visiting the slums, each visit being care-

Mr. Fawcett, true to his doctrines of political economy, while expressing deep sympathy for the condition of the poor, has warned the public against the danger of legislative interference tending to weaken the great and sacred principle of self-reliance. The minor Tories, misled by Lord Salisbury, are proposing the strangest nostrums. Sir Frederick Milner, the Tory candidate for York, advocates an increase of the income tax to compensate owners for the removal of houses that are un-

Mr. Forster devoted a part of his striking speech yesterday to this subject. He recognized alike the urgency of the question of housing the poor and the value and the honest purpose of Lord Salisbury's article, persisting in a tribute to Lord Salisbury in spite of the hisses of a Liberal meeting. He insisted, however, that the remedy belongs largely to the municipal corporation of London.

## A LIBERAL CONFERENCE MEETING.

The Liberal conference yesterday in London was called to strengthen the hands of those Ministers who favor the immediate introduction of a bill to reform the government of London. Mr. Forster's prediction that the Franchise bill will be followed by the London bill rests on something more than guesswork. Mr. Forster's presence and powerful advocacy imply that the London Liberals have been reinforced by many leading members of other large cities. It is believed that Mr. Gladstone really sympathizes with the object of the meeting.

There have been interesting Liberal meetings and speeches at Reading celebrating the twentieth year of Mr. Shaw-Lefevre's representation of that borough. It was a brilliant tribute to one of the soundest, sincerest and ablest Liberal leaders.

#### THE LUTHER FESTIVAL.

The papers are filled with copious accounts of the Luther celebrations in Germany and various parts of England, Roman Catholics and English High Churchmen vainly protesting against the honor paid to the great Reformer. Bigotry carried the day at Oxford, but the tributes to Luther elsewhere in England are general and hearty, especially among the Dissenters and the middle class. Mr. Forster, speaking at Bradford for those classes, described Luther as the most courageous man, physically and morally, in his-

## UNIVERSITY ELECTIONS.

Mr. Lowell returned on Wednesday from Paris and resumed charge of the United States legation. At present he has a good prospect of being elected Lord Rector of St. Andrew's University next week with little opposition. It is doubtful whether Mr. Gibson will accept the Tory nomination vice Mr. Mallock, who was withdrawn because he had no

Mr. Fawcett's election as Lord Rector of the University of Glasgow, though a deserved tribute

to an eminent Liberal, was received with regret by the literary public, who had hoped for Mr. Ruskin's success.

#### MR. ARNOLD'S VIEWS OF AMERICA.

Mr. Matthew Arnold's lecture on "Numbers' continues to be a topic of discussion in the English press. The Spectator follows Mr. Arnold's lead in considering the " middle class " in America, judging from its picture as given in American literature, to be equally narrow and conventional with the same class in England.

#### THE DICKENS LETTERS.

Charles Dickens, in Household Words, remarks that the recent publication in America of his father's letters shows a cynical and unscrapulous spirit of eagerness to turn a possibly honest but certainly dirty penny. It is obvious, he says, that the letters never were intended for publication. He declares with emphasis that none of the family knew of or consented to their publication, but that they will prevent, if possible, their circulation here. He also attacks Mr. Ouvry's executors, showing more acuteness than discretion.

#### PRAISE FOR MR. HOWELLS.

The Academy, reversing the verdict of The Athenasum and The Saturday Review, declares Mr. Howells's "A Woman's Reason" to be the only work where that author has done justice to his singular powers. Mr. Howells, it says, as an observer of his fellow-creatures stands very high, and as a student of woman is quite unrivalled. This book is an excellent and real novel, thoroughly worth reading once, twice, thrice,

#### MISS ANDERSON'S STUDIES.

The director of the Print Room of the British Museum is authority for the statement that Miss Mary Anderson visited that room in order to study the costumes for "Romeo and Juliet." G. W. S.

#### THE FRENCH IN TONQUIN.

#### THE REPORTED ILLNESS AND DEFEAT OF ADMIRAL

COURBET CLAIMED. Paris, Nov. 17 .- At the Cabinet Council to-day Admiral Peyron, Minister of Marine, read the latest dispatches received by the Government from Tonquin, which contradict the report of Admiral Courbet's illness and of the projected bombardment of Canton, as well as the other alarmist rumors which were put in currency on the Bourse yesterday. Prime Minister Ferry will on Monday make a detailed explanation to the Committee of the Chamber of Deputies, which was appointed to examine the Tonquin credits.

Official advices have been received from Tonquin which state that the military situation there is unchanged. Admiral Courbet will remain within his lines if the result of an attack upon Sontay and Bae-Ninh appears to be doubtful.

The statement that England would act as mediator in the difficulty between France and China

egarding Tonquin is denied. Loydon, Nov. 17 .- A Shanghai dispatch states that an aid-de-camp of Peng-Yulin has arrived at Hankow to raise a force of 20,000 volunteers for military service in the event of a war between France and China. Foreigners in China are uneasy. The White Lily Society, a secret organization, is reported to be again active.

#### M. DE LESSEPS AND THE SUEZ CANAL.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 17.-In an address delivered to the Town Hall yesterday, M. de Lesseps said that a second canal across the Isthmus of Sucz could only be constructed alongside the present one with a liberal margin intervening for the strength of each. One of the canals could then be used for ships bound to, and the other for ships returning from the Red Sea. Those who made the first canal were prepared to make the second. MANCHESTER, Nov. 7.-The City Council and the Chamber of Commerce of Manchester presented an address to M. de Lesseps to-day. M. de Lesseps stated that a con-

ital necessary to construct a new canal across the Isthmus of Sucz, if the Government itself will undertake to build

# THE CROWN PRINCE OFF FOR SPAIN.

Berlin, Nov. 17.—The Crown Prince Fred-crick William started this morning on his trip to Spain. London, Nov. 17 .- The Madrid correspondent of The Times says it is stated that French communists in Earelona after having vainly endeavored to induce the Ca alan workmen to join them in an anti-German demonstra-tion upon the arrival at Barcelona of the Crown Prince threatened to carry the scheme into effect themselves.

## CURRIEU'S INSANE FREAK.

Paris, Nov. 17.-The physicians who have examined Currieu, who endeavored to shoot Frime Min-ister Ferry, yesterday, state that he is suffering from the effects of a recent attack of typhus fever. He does not

A PAPAL NUNCIO TO THE UNITED STATES. Rome, Nov. 17.—The Diritto says it is stated that the Vatican has consented to appoint a Nuncia to the United States, in accordance with the wishes of the Amer-

## THE POLITICAL SITUATION IN SPAIN.

LONDON, Nov. 17 .- A Madrid dispatch to The Times says it is understood that General Lopez Dominguez, Minister of War, Insists upon the adoption of universal suffrage in the revision of the Constitution and refuses absolutely to accept the Sagasta compro which gives the right of suffrage to those who can read and write. The majority of the Ministry are willing to and write. In adjointy of the sinistry are whing to accept this compromise in order to secure a united Libreral movement. If General Dondinguez persists in his present attitude he will give warrant to the remarks of those who allege that he simply uses the office of Minister of War to further his own ends, and will thus prolong the present unsatisactory political situation.

# NEWS FROM THE DOMINION.

TORONTO, Nov. 17 .- Mrs. Beach, of Hartford, Minn, at Osgoode Hall, to-day obtained a writ of habeas corpus commanding her husband, who is now living near Brockville, to produce the body of their child in court. Mrs. Beach in July instituted divorce proceedings against her husband, and he fled to Canada with the child.

A dispatch from London to The Globe says : "The report of the Hudson's Bay Company was issued to-day. The of the Hudson's Bay Company was issued to-day. The general trade of Winnepeg and the Northwest is said to have been affected by the depression. In the land department the progress of collecting arrears has not been so satisfactory as could have been wished, but the general prospect is stated to be encouraging."

The Trades and Labor Council of Toronto has adopted a resolution asking the Dominion Government to discontinue "assisted" immigration.

OTAWA. Nov. 17.—An order in Council is published placing imported recovered rubber and rubber substitute on the free list.

#### GRIEVANCES IN MANITOBA. THE ANTI-CONFEDERATION MOVEMENT GAINING

STRENGTH.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TELEUNE.] WINNEPEG, Nov. 17 .- The anti-confederation agitation is steadily gaining headway in Manitoba. The platform put forth by the Anti-Confederate Association expresses the feeling of the settlers exactly. Free trade, trol of their own lands, the ballot, encouragement of immigration and anti-railroad monopoly are the keynote of the coming campaign. The farmers complain that they cannot ouy cattle in Manitoba and must get them at asiderable expense in the United States. When they cross the boundary line into Manitoba the Dominion Gov ernment charges a duty of 20 per cent. Settlers on the road from Brandon to the boundary state that 100 families a month pass southward in their wagon trains bound for Dakota where they can get land free. Nine-tenths of those in sympathy with the movement believe that an-

nexation is the only way by which this country can be relieved. It is claimed that the local Government has equal power with the Ontario and Quebec Government to permit roads to run from any part of the old province, before it was enlarged, to the boundary line to connect with American roads. As this would break the Canadian Pacific Railway monopoly it is evident that the Dominion Government will oppose it.

# PEACE MEASURES IN PERU.

[BY THE CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICAN CABLE.] LIMA, Nov. 17, via Galveston.-La Tribuna states that public opinion in Chili isin favor of peace. Col-onel Lorenzo Yglesias started yesterday for Salaverry to onei Lorenzo i giesnia statical quell the rebellion in Chiclayo and Cajamarca. It is said that Prefect Bermudez, of Ayucucho, is at the head of 1,000 insurgent Indians, and there are 1,500 more in Junin. General Lynch is expected to start for Mollendo next

#### FOREIGN NOTES.

LONDON, Nov. 17 .- A shock of earthquake was felt yeserday on the island of Chies. It did no damage. PARIS, Nov. 17.-M. Edmond Dehault de Pressense, the

nominee of the Republican groups, has been elected Life Senator by the Senate.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 17.—The Porte declinee to admit the claims of Egypt and Bulgaria that they can negotiate treaties of commerce directly with foreign

BERLIN, Nov. 17 .- The Emperor's speech, on the opening of the Landtag, will deal mainly with the tax and GENOA, Nov. 17.—The strike of the steamship engineers

is spreading to all the Italian ports, causing the detention of many steamers. f many steamers.

LONDON, Nev. 18.—Earl Derby, Colonial Secretary, writes that if the Australian Conference decides that the nnexation of the South Sea Islands is desirable the some Government will consider how far it will be justifi-

LONDON, Nov. 17.-The North Wales colliers have given notice to their employers that they shall demand an advance in wages of 15 per cent, and the Staffordshire olliers have given notification of a demand for 10 per

LONDON, Nov. 17 .- The Theatre Royal at Darlington, London, and the Grove Mill at Burnley, Lan-nashire, were destroyed by fire last night. London, Nov. 17.—It is probable that the trial of

O'Donnell will be further postponed, the counsel for the defence requiring more time to prepare their case. LONDON, Nov. 17,—The Daily News says it has reason believe that Speaker Brand is desirous of retiring Parliament, and that Sir Henry James, M. P. for Taunton, is spoken of as his successor. from the office at the beginning of the next session of

s spoken of as his successor.

LONDON, Nov. 17.—The announcement of the death of

The Court held that the personal property of a deceased person, which posses to the executor or administrator at his death, must continue to be taxed in the place where the executor, holding the legal little to the property, was not p

#### BOGUS TAX RECEIPTS.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 17.-James Dobson was to-day held in \$1,500 ball for issuing fraudulent tax receipts on election day, and George Holland (colored), was held in a like amount for voting upon a tax receipt, on which the name of another person had been crased and Holland sub-fitured. These prosecutions were brought by the Committee of One Hundred. A member of that body said this afternoon that investigation has convinthe Committee that a well-defined plot had been made at

## SCARLET FEVER IN A BOARDING SCHOOL.

TRENTON, Nov. 17-Dr. Hasbrouck, principal of the State Normal and Model Schools in this city, to day allowed the 167 young women occupying the those schools to go to their homes, and the schools and precautionary measure, in view of the appearance of searlet fever in the boys' boarding hall earlier in the week. There have been no indications of any spread of he contagion beyond four boys. There are numerous cattered cases of the fever throughout the city, but no

# WARNED AGAINST SWINDLERS,

Boston, Nov. 17.-The directors of the Boston Board of Trade's at a meeting to-day, passed resolu tions setting forth that certain Boston men, who appear deavoring to make purchases on credit with a view to and requesting members to take measures to cautio shippers against making consignments without of investigation, and against being deceived by pe-having or assuming names closely resembling tho well-known and reputable firms.

## A NIGHT IN THE RIGGING.

CHATHAM, Mass., Nov. 17.-The schooner William F. Garrison, Captain Stedman, of and from Phila delphia for Bosion, with coal, anchored off Chatham yes terday during a gale. While getting in auchor last night with a heavy sea running, she struck bottom and came ashore about two miles from the Chatham light. She soon filled with water, and the crew took refuge in the rigging, where they remained until discovered and taken of by a boot's erew from this place at about 7 o'clock this morning. The vessel and cargo will probably be a total loss.

## WAGES OF IRON-WORKERS REDUCED.

READING, Penn., Nov. 17 .- Owing to the coninued decline in iron the Pottstown Iron Company, of Pottstown, employing several hundred hands, announces

## TELEGRAPHIC NOTES,

A POSTPONED LUTHER JUBILEE.

READING, Nov. 17.—Six thousand people part to-day in the Luther Memorial Jubileo at the Grounds. It had been postpened from Saturday.

BOSTON, NOV. 17.—The success of the plan for the settlement of the affairs of the Pacific Bank is now considered assured, claims to the amount of \$1,500,000 having acceded to the scheme.

he scheme.

DELEGATES TO A PRODUCE CONVENTION.

PHHAD: LPHA, Nov. 17.—The Philadelphin proline merchants held an entimalastic meeting to-day in the
intermediate anomal scatter, theses and legar Associatio
o be held becember 4, 5 and 6 in Cinciunati. Philadelphi
will sean afry delegates.

will send affy delegates.

OPPOSING A REDUCTION OF WAGES.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 17.—Nearly 300 employes
of the shoe manufacturing firm of Thomas Harris & Co., No
\$21 Cherry-st., have struck against a reduction of from 5
the per coat in wages. A memoer of the firm says that if the
men continue to hold out the firm will either get non-union
men or remove their establishment to Massachusetts.

men or remove their establishment to Massachusetts.

WATER FAMINE IN TICONDEROGA.

TROY, NOV. 17.—There is a water finding in
Tleonderoga, and the supply for manufacturing and domestic purposes is exhausted. Legislative aid will be asked.

THE DANVILLE WHITEWASH COMMITTEE.

DANVILLE, NOV. 17.—The committee of forty appointed at the meeting of citizens met this morning. The
committee will probably not be able to give its report to the
public for several days.

CAIRO, III., Nov. 17.—New-Burnside, III., has quarantined against stone Fort and the surrounding country, smallpox having been provident at Stane Fort for several days. Today three new cases of the disease were reported in the country near numbels. PROPOSED SALE OF A TURNPIKE.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Nov. 17.—The Entontown and sea shore Turnpike Company has offered to sell its right through the village to the Board of Commissioners for \$3,200. The purchase will no doubt be made, and the old toll-gate will be tern down.

THE CONTEST FOR SPEAKER,

MR. SPRINGER STILL IN THE FIGHT.

HOW SOME OF THE CONGRESSMEN WILL VOTE IN

THE CAUCUS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Washington, Nov. 17 .- Five more Demo-

eratic Congressmen-elect arrived in Washington to-day. Only one of them is a candidate for the Speakership. If anybody has really believed that William M. Springer was out of the race he has been sadly deceived. He assured a TRIBUNE correspondent to-day that such is not the case, and that his name will be submitted to the members of the Democratic caucus for their suffrages. Mr. Springer opened his headquarters at the National Hotel this evening, where he was found in conversation

with J. S. Moore. " I do not propose to confide the details of my canvass to the public," said Mr. Springer. "It is easy enough to assert claims to votes, I know, but it seems to me that my time can be better employed than in explaining and con-tradicting newspaper interviews. When the votes are counted in the cancus others will find out what my real strength is. So far as questions of public policy are concerned my record is made, and it cannot be hidden from the people any easier than the Bible could be put out of the public schools,"

Mr. Springer's opinions are generally expressed with freedom. He is opposed to any reduction of the tax on whiskey or tobacco, and believes that the tariff should be reduced to the extent of \$75,000,000 a year. While he is reticent as to his probable strength in the caucus, i is safe to assume that Mr. Springer is pretty well assured of the cordial support of the other Democratic Representatives from his own State and probably some votes from Michigan, Wisconsin and other States. His ultimate success can only be assured by the failure of Mr. Carlisle and Mr. Cox to com oine the elements opposed to Mr. Randall.

Of the new arrivals Perry Belmont is put down for Mr. Cox; Mr. Riggs, of Illinois, for Mr. Springer, and Messrs Tulley and Le Pevre are non-committal. It appears that Mr. Carlisle's friends were in error in claiming the vote of Casey Young, of Tennessee, for their candidate. General Young said to-day that he shall support Mr. Cox. It is also claimed by Mr. Cox that General Roscerans will vote for him, although it was positively asserted yesterday that he was for Carlisle, and would second his nomination in the caucus.

A representative who is opposed to Mr. Randall said LONDON, NOV. 17.—The announcement of the death of John Simon, member of Parliament for Dewsloury, is unitine.

THE BONAPARTE TAX CASE.

A FECISION AGAINST THE EXECUTOR OF THE ESTAY.

BALTIMORE, NOV. 17.—Chief Judge Brown, in the Court of Common Commit to-day, rendered a decision in the case of Baltimore City against Charles J. Bonaparte, executor of Madame Bonaparte, to receive faxes, some \$20,000, levid on assemithors of the decedent. The Court held that the personal property of a deceased

"Nell, I have counted thirty-seven promises, and I do not know how many more you have made," The couddrate besituted an instant and then his face ightened as he said: "Welt, Mary, I think he is a mighty mean man who will

brightened as he said:

"Weil, Mary, I think he is a mighty mean man who will not promise a friend a pup."

"I suppose," continued the representative, "that a good many generous Congressmen think he is a mighty mean man who will not promise a friend a vote for the Speakership. Neverthaless I would like to have them exposed."

Considerable amusement has been created here by the recent publication of an "interview" with Mr. Randall in which he is put down in favor of a commission to revise the tariff. It has done Mr. Kandall no particular harm here because most of the men in public life who read it at once recognize that the "interview" was in substance the speech believed by him in support of the tariff commission but some civateen months soo. A shrewd Congressman said to day respecting the long "interview" prepared by "r. Oux and published to day that he thought it might injure rather than promote his prospects, atthough at the same time, he said, he studied its frank and mainly tone and agreed with most of the statements it contained.

#### GENERAL GRESHAM'S SURPRISE. THY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE,

Washington, Nov. 17,-Seldom is a more sham, to-day, when he read in a Washington dispatch What Mr. Chambler has been doing for ten days nobody knows except Postmasfer General Gresham, and the ho ought to know. He took Mr. Gresbam away with him when he started, and they were together several tays. Now, on his return, Mr. Gresham starts at once for Indiana, and hardly makes a secret of his desire that

his State shall give its delegation to General Arthur." If General Gresham has been absent from Washington any time for many weeks, neither he nor his family nor any of his friends who have seen him daily during that period discovered it. Nether does General Greshan expect to leave Washington immediately, although under the advice of a physician, he will do so after his has completed his annual report—probably the latte-part of next week. The close attention he has devoted to als official duties during the past summer and autum have impaired his health, and he will go away for a for night to recuperate, and not for the purpose of "stocki cards for 1884," whatever that may mean.

## SHOOTING IN THE CROWDED BOWERY.

A JEALOUS HUSBAND USES A PISTOL RECKLESSLY AND WOUNDS TWO MEN.

Great excitement was caused at Canal-st, and the Bowery at 8 o'clock last night by the rapid firing of three pistol shots and the wounding of two men. The shots were fired by Patrick Hayes, a gambler, forty-six years old, who formerly lived at No. 40 Bowery. They all were directed at George Norton, a young speculator of No. 163 East Thirtythird-st., who was hit in the thigh and wounded severely. One bullet did no harm, and one passed through the leg of John Marshall, steward on the steamship State of Nebraska, wao was a stranger to Hayes, Many persons were passing along the Bowery at Canal-st., at the time of the shooting. Women screamed, men shouted and swore and there was a general scramble for safety. In the confusion Hayes escaped, but he afterward surrendered himself at the Elizabeth Street Police Station. He threw away his pistol and it was carried off by some person nuknown to the police, Norton and Marshall went to the police station to have their wounds dressed by an ambulance surgeon Marshall's wound was not scrious, the bullet having passed through the deshy part of the leg. He had been shot by accident and he did not wish to be concerned for their in the affary. By permispassed through the leg of John Marshall, steward He had been shot by accident and he did not wish to be concerned further in the affray. By permis-sion of the police he went on board the steamship last night, being unwilling to appear against. Hayes

last night, being unwilling to appear against. Hayes in court.

Norton explained the shooting by saying that trayes was jeatons of him. He went to the New-York Hospital in the ambulance. Hayes has a young and handsome wife at No. 40 Bowery, but he has not lived with her for some time. Recertly he began a suit against Norton for \$25,000 damages for the alleged alienation of his wife's affections. He saw Norton pass No. 40 Bowery last evening and followed him to Canal-st., where he began to shoot while Norton's back was turned toward him. Norton was hurt by the first bullet, fired at short range, but by dodging he managed to escape further injury. When Hayes surrendered himself at the police station he explained the shooting by saying: injury. When Hayes surremered may be police station he explained the shooting by saying:

"That ruffian has destroyed my home." He refused to make any other statement, but said he was anxions to see his counsel. Several men went to the station and asked permission to see Hayes, but

they were refused.

Detective English went to No. 40 Bowery and was told that Mrs. Hayes was ill in bed. Her brother declared that the suspicions of Hayes were without any foundation. Norton is married and owns real estate in Thirty-third-st. He said that he would presecute Hayes for the shooting.

## COSTS TO BE PAID BY ULSTER COUNTY.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] KINGSTON, Nov. 17.-A dispatch received here late this afternoon from State Assessor Williams states that that body has decided to dismiss the assessment appeal case of the city of Kingston and town of Marbletow aginst the other towns of Ulster county, with costs, to be paid by the county. This appeal has been an action of much importance. The city sought to be relieved of a tax of nearly \$400,000, which it claims was unjustly ap-portioned to it by the Board of Supervisors last year. The State Board took a large amount of testimony and many special assessors and clerks have been employed by both sides most of the summer. The total cost which the county will new be obtiged to pay, without benefit to any body, except such employes, will be very large and may reach \$30,000.

#### DIPHTHERIA IN NEW-BRUNSWICK. [EY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

NEW-BRUNSWICK, N. J., Nov. 17 .- Much alarm is felt here over the prevalence and fatality of diphtheria. The disease first appeared about four weeks ago, and it was then thought to be sporudle in its nature; but it is now developing an epidemic form. It is said

that twenty-five deaths have already occurred, and that the new cases are increasing. Thus far the deaths have been principally among young children; so that attendance upon the public schools has not been affected; but, if the present alarm is not allayed by favorable reports, there will doubtless be a failing off in school attendance next week. In some instances the malady appears in complication with something resembling scarlet fever.

#### FLEEING BEFORE THE STORM HE RAISED.

#### AN ATTACK UPON A CONNECTICUT PASTOR RE-ACTING UPON THE ASSAULANT.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] HEBRON, Conn., Nov. 17 .- About two months ago the Rev. J. B. Cutler, pastor of the Congregational Church of this town, preached a very strong sermon against Mormonism. J. B. Fillmore, an influential mem-ber of the congregation, who has been divorced from three wives and recently married a fourth, took offence at some of the statements made by his pastor, and claimed that they were pointed against him. He cousulted with his friends, and by them was worked into a passion. He engaged counsel and brought suit against the Rev. Mr. Cutler for defamation of character and slander, laying his damages at \$5,000.

The second move in the fight was made by Fillmore's friends. They circulated a petition through the town which called for a church meeting for the avowed purpose of removing Pastor Cutler; and, after many weeks, a sufficient number of signatures was secured. The meeting was called for Thursday, November 8. Every member of the church was present, ready and anxious to declare their convictions as to who was right and who was wrong, the outspoken minister or the indigman of the meeting. He refused to act in that capacity, and the Rev. Mr. Sharpe was appointed in his stead.

Mr. Fillmore denounced his pastor as a liar and hypo crite, and requested that his accusation should be entered on the church records. Mr. Gilbert, the secretary of the meeting, said that he must refuse to make the desired a scandal against the minister. Chairman Sharpe ap proved the secretary's course, and remarked that no such action as Mr. Fillmore had requested could be taken until the charges against the Rev. Mr. Cutler were

prominent member of the church, sprang to his feet, and in a loud voice moved to consider the matter of turning

in a loud voice moved to consider the matter of turning Mr. Fillmore and his fourth wife out of the church. The next man to speak was Griswold Burnham, another leading member of the church. He warmly seconded the motion of Mr. Wilcox. The motion was debated long and earnestly, but it was finally decided to take no action until after the trial.

Mr. Fillmore, immediately after the meeting, issued posters advertising the fact that he would sell his place at anction on Thursday, the 15th of this month. On Saturday he withdrew his suit for damages against the minister, and on Thursday last, he sold his property. He says that he will leave Hebron. with what pleasant recollections may be imagined, on Monday next. Everything seems to have conspired to effect the downfall of Mr. Fillmore. From his first two wives he had without difficulty obtained divorces, but when he altempted recently to be divorced from Mrs. Fillmore No. 3 she made a counter petition and was divorced from him, besides getting \$700. The majority of the residents of Hebron rejoice at the victory of Mr. Cutler.

The Methodists of Hebron have succeeded in working themselves into a fit of indignation against their minister, the Rev. Mr. Roberts. The preacher at a recent prayer-meeting became disgusted at their apathy and called them blockheads, and told them there was no more expression in their faces than in so many wooden heads. They are apathete no longer. Since that time they

expression in their faces than in so many wooden heads. They are apathetic no longer. Since that time they have become wonderfully attentive and uncomfortably critical of Mr. Roberts's utterances.

# A STONE BRIDGE OVER THE MISSISSIPPI.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] MINNEAPOLIS, Nov. 17,-The first and only one bridge across the Mississippi was completed to day. It is the St. Paul, Minneapolis and Manitoba Railway visitor, spanning the river just below the falls of St. Anthony. It is a massive stone structure, stretching to the east across the river, curving at first slightly to the left in a graceful sweep and then running at right angles to the stream directly to the cast-side landing, the whole course being 2,100 feet. The upper surface of the bridge presents to the view a smooth-stone roadway; in on either side by heavy blocks of stone, high enough bridge, even should it be thrown from the rail. The viaduct crosses the river with twenty-three arches and stytem spans of eighty feet each. The material is granite and magnesian limestone. The width, 28 feet over all, and the help ht from the springing point of the arches to the top is 50 feet 6 lines. One caisson required six months work before stone-laying could begin. Two handred men have been employed on the bridge and three lives have been lost in its construction. The cost was \$950,000. The bridge was built for passenger traffic and is to be used by the Mantloba, the Northern Pacific, the Omaha and the St. Louis lines, and possibly by the Milwankee. The possibility of running at full speed over it, will result in reducing the time between Minneapolis and St. Faul from thirty to twenty minutes.

## NINE TONS OF WASTE PAPER.

INT TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. St. Louis, Nov. 1 .- Two years ago the Missouri State Board of Immigration made an arrangement with the Iron Mountain Hallroad to forward 20,000 copies of its report, in which the railroad had placed an at tractive advertisement, to England, where it was to be distributed at the expense of the Board. The whole mass of humigration literature, weighing sine fons, arrived in England on time, but no arrangements had been made to pay the freight and other charges, nor had any steps been taken to secure its distribution. The Iron Monntain Railroad's agent at Liverpoot paid those on his own responsibility, but the payment was repudlated by the company, and now the arent threatens to seize the property, which cost him \$4.000, and sell it for waste paper in satisfaction of his cisim.

SUIT AGAINST A TELEPHONE COMPANY. Boston, Nov. 17.-A bill has been filed in the Circuit Court by the Western Union Telegraph Company, the American Speaking Telephone Company, the Gold and Stock Telegraph Company and the Harmonic Telegraph Company against the American Beil Telephone Company, praying for an injunction and an account and discovery from the respondent corporation, arising out of an alleged breach of contract, the terms of which have National Telephone Company of Massachusetts, which

was subsequently purchased and merged into the re-spondent company.

The bill avers that a large and profitable business has The bill avers that a large and profitable business has been built up by the originization of telephone exchanges, and that the respondent is deriving great gains in the sale of and royalties in telephones, and seeks to evade paping the plaintiff sams due under the contract. The western Union Company asks for an accounting for all royalties, rentals, and the amount of stock and paper securities so received by the defendant in the sale of licenses for telephone rights and privileges. The American Bell Telephone Company has been served with a notice to show why the prayer of the plaintiff should not be granted.

# THE TEMPLE PRIZES.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 17 .- The jury to decide the competition for the Temple prizes and for which four American historical paintings were entered in the Acade

## THE MURDER OF THOMAS BARROWS.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Nov. 17 .- The authorities of the town of Kittery, Me., offer \$300 reward for the arrest of the persons believed to have murdered Thomas

## CRIMES AND CASUALTIES-BY TELEGRAPH.

SINKING OF A MISSISSIPPI STEAMER.

MEMPHIS, Nov. 17.—The steamer Will Kyle, from
New-Orleans to Cincinnati, struck a log while making a landing at Australia, Miss., on Thursday night, and sank. SENTENCED FOR GRAVE ROBBERY.
SYRACUSE, Nov. 17.—Thomsen, the Camillus grave robber, was this morthing sentenced to imprisonment for four years and six months in the State Prison.

A FEEBLE MINDED MAN BURNED TO DEATH.
PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 17.—A fire occurred this
morning in the cigar store No. 2.501 Germantown-ave, and
Charles Mailon, a feeble-minded young man, perished in the
fames.

flames.

AN EMPTY CASH BOX AND A FUGITIVE TRUSTEE.
B.BION, Nov. 17.—A box at the Salem National
Bank, which should have contained \$6,000, the personal effects
of the exacts of the late T. B. Perkins, of which Ira H. Bigelow
was trustee, was opened yesterday and found to contain two
rubber bands. Biglow absconded some mounts ago.

A MURDERER IN DANGER OF LYNCHING.
AUGUSTA Gas, Nov. 17.—Henry Steifer, a German
peddier, has been murdered near Trenton, S. C. Wilson
stephens, a young colored man who drove selfer's wagon has
contessed the crime. It is feared that he will be lynched.

AN UNKNOWN MAN KILLED ON THE TRACK.

AN UNKNOWN MAN KILLED ON THE TRACK.

NEW-BRUSSWICK, N. J., Nov. 17.—An unknown
man, well dressed and having the initials J. H. C. on his right
hand, was killed to-day by a freight train on the Pennsylvania
Railroad. A DANGEROUS DEAF-MUTE.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Nov. 17.—A dispatch to The Fines-Union from Ocala says: "James Lewis, a deaf-note, while under the influence of liquer to-day, snot Polity White through the neck and Charles Johnson through the leg. Several years and Lewis killed a boy, out escaped punishment because he was unable to answer the indictment."

## PRICE THREE CENTS. TOPICS IN LEADING CITIES

#### SAN FRANCISCO.

#### A SKILFUL HIGHWAYMAN-A BAD INVEST-MENT-RICH MEN'S HEIRS.

[BT TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 17 .- Wells, Fargo & Company are rejoicing over the capture of a highwayman named "Black Bart," who has robbed more than a score of stages between Shasta and Calaveras, always single-handed and always being successful. His latest exploit was robbing a coach near Copperopolis, in which he secured \$4,000. He left behind, however, a handkerchief with a Chinese laundry mark on it by which he was traced to this city and captured. His striking peculiarities were a passion for writing doggerel verses and pinning them to rifled express boxes, and his great secretiveness, never admitting any one to his confidence. The rewards offered for his capture amounted to nearly \$15,000. Although he robbed more than twenty coaches, he obtained no more than \$3,000 from them all, until his latest crime was perpetrated. His recent plunder he delivered up to the detectives. His plan was to live here quietly until he was out of cash, and then rob a stage. He had no vices, and his only passion seemed to be for diamonds. He was a very prosaic robber, despite his tendency to drop into poetry.

Deep disgust is entertained by the small stockholders of the Claus Spreckles Hawaiian Sugar Company. The stock until last year was all held by Spreckles and his friends. Then about half of the thousand shares were unloaded, some at \$45, but the larger part at \$67 a share. This advance was due to dividends of half a dollar a share, declared in August and September. Last month, when the stockholders came for their dividend, they were told that the previous dividends were mistake and the company was in debt, owing to a poor sugar crop on the islands. The stock then dropped onehalf, and since then has tumbled to \$9 50. At a directors' meeting on Thursday the old officers were re-elected, and it was plainly shown that the small stockholders were to be frozen out; an awfal warning not to be left on the ragged edge of close cor-

Over 150 coolies who arrived on the latest steamer, having Canton traders' certificates, will probably be returned to China, as there is no evidence that they are genuine merchants. Many have been repudiated by Chinese merchants in this city with whom they claimed connection. On the affidavits of two reputable Chinamen the Surveyor of the Port admits these "traders," although appearances may be against them.

San Francisco millionnaires who, when in life, had no known relatives, are found to be blessed with many heirs before they are fairly put under the ground. Blythe, the eccentric Welshman, furnishes a good example. A woman with whom he had lived claimed to be his widow, while a golden-haired girl from England was imported as a daughter by his first wife. This girl, who was coached to weep over the father's coffin and make a pathetic scene which would get into the newspapers, is a fraud, while the real relatives, a sister, nephews and nieces, have just been heard from in Wales. Several heirs of old Nicholas Skerrett have also emerged from obscurity. One nephew who appeared in court looked as though he was sadly in need of the coin which he

butcher, died on Thursday at his ranch near San Jose. He had made a considerable reputation as a Democratic politician and intended to start a newspaper to push his political fortunes. To prevent litigation over his will be deeded all his property to his brother just before his death. Governor Stoneman has announced in a letter

A. J. Donnelly, a millionnaire cattle dealer and

ture to investigate the Railroad Commission. He thinks the chances of accomplishing anything too slender to justify the expense.

that he will not call an extra session of the Legisla-

Among the prominent arrivals this week are the Earl of Cork and Orrery, with his eldest son, bound around the world.

The theatres are insufferably dull, the only choice of play-goers being between "The Romany Rye" and minstrel shows. Some people think that local preachers have ruined the theatrical business; but the truth is, cheap concert gardens are to blame for the fact that San Francisco does not have a good dramatic company once in three months, majority of theatres do not pay expenses. Next week a great effort will be made here to resuscitate the long distance walking match. O'Leary, Harriman, McIntyre and Hart have been imported, and sporting men are to be consoled in this way for the enforced absence of the "slugger," Ryan.

# CHICAGO.

THE SPEAKERSHIP-LIVE-STOCK CONVEN-TIONS-WEDDINGS-DRAMATIC.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] CHICAGO, Nov. 17.—The Illinois Congressmen are off for Washington. One of them, Finerty, goes from a Democratic district, unpledged for Speaker, The Democratic State delegation will give Springer the compliment of a solid vote on the first ballot; but Mr. Springer, himself and his friends do not look upon it as merely complimentary. Their theory is that there is going to be a wrangle, that Springer is a real candidate, and that he has an opportunity. His organ, The State Legister, keeps up the fight, arging him not only upon personal grounds but as a compliment to the State. emphatically disputed The Louisville Courier-Journal's statement that Morrison is supporting Carlisle, and says he shall remain a candidate so long as he

has one vote in the cancus, Apropos of the Speakership contest, The Tribune prints this morning the results of a canvass of the Democratic members of Congress-elect as to their preference, and shows first choice for Speaker as follows: Carlisle, 98; Randall, 62; Cox, 33; doubtful, 1; total, 194. It is now intimated that if Springer finds the outlook hopeless, and can control his support in the Illinois delegation, he will turn it over to Cox.

Ex-Governor Hendricks was in the city yesterday, and in an interview says: "I should like to see Cox elected Speaker. Randall is a little extreme in one direction and Carlisle too much so on the other, The latter also hails from Kentucky, and should he be elected it would give an increased impetus to the Southern scare, which they are endeavoring to create. Cox is satisfactory to everybody and unsatisfactory to no one. He is able and honest, and would grace the position. I should not be surprised to see him win, in view of the sharp fight in Congress between the other two. He will get two votes from Indiana and perhaps three," The ex-Governor also mysteriously intimated that he knew the man who could carry New-York, but would not mention any names, " for fear of stepping on any one's toes."

The fat stock exhibition in this city is now open and is very successful. It has been the occasion of the gathering of numerous stock raisers' associations, whose proceedings have been of considerable interest. Among them are the associations of American importers and breeders of Percheron horses, the Norman horse breeders, the American swine breeders, who deny the existence of hog cholera and trichinosis in the West and flercely denounce the adulteration of lard, and the Hereford cattle breeders. The National Convention called by the Commissioners of Agriculture to consider the contagious diseases of animals is also in session. It numbers 300 delegates, representing twenty-nine States and Territories, and one delegate is in attendance by authority of the British Government. Senator John E. Williams, of Kentucky, is president.